

A QUESTION ABOUT Brown's Iron Bitters ANSWERED.

The question has probably been asked thousands of times: "How can Brown's Iron Bitters cure everything?" Well, it doesn't. But it does cure any disease for which a reputable physician would prescribe IRON. Physicians recognize iron as the best restorative agent known to the profession, and inquiry of any leading chemical firm will substantiate the assertion that there are more preparations of iron than of any other substance used in medicine. This shows conclusively that iron is acknowledged to be the most important factor in successful medical practice. It is, however, a remarkable fact, that prior to the discovery of BROWN'S IRON BITTERS no perfectly satisfactory iron combination had ever been found. BROWN'S IRON BITTERS does not injure the stomach, or produce constipation—all other iron medicines do. BROWN'S IRON BITTERS cures indigestion, biliousness, weakness, dyspepsia, malaria, chills and fevers, tired feeling, general debility, pain in the side, back or limbs, headache and neuralgia—for all these ailments iron is prescribed daily. BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, however, does not cure in a minute. Like all other thorough medicines, it acts slowly. When taken by men the first symptom of benefit is renewed energy. The muscles then become firmer, the digestion improves, the bowels are active. In women the effect is usually more rapid and marked. The eyes begin at once to brighten; the skin clears up; healthy color comes to the cheeks; nervousness disappears; functional derangements become regular, and if a nursing mother, abundant sustenance is supplied for the child. Remember Brown's Iron Bitters is the ONLY iron medicine that is not injurious. Physicians and Druggists recommend it. The Genuine has Trade Mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. TAKE NO OTHER.

J. JAMES WOOD,
DRUGGIST,
MAYSVILLE.

GENERAL INSURANCE

**Life, Fire, Accident
Marine and Tornado.**

The companies represented by the undersigned insure at reasonable rates all insurable property against loss or damage by Fire, Lightning or Wind. Any amount of insurance placed on desirable risks, in—
WESTERN, of Toronto, Canada;
AGRICULTURAL, of Watertown, N. Y.;
KENTON, of Covington, Ky.;
BOATMAN'S, of Pittsburgh, Pa.,
and the world renowned "TRAVELERS" Life and Accident, of Hartford, Conn. These companies have all complied with the law, and are authorized to do business in Kentucky.
W. R. WARDER, Agent,
156dcm Court Street, Mayville.

T. J. CURLEY,
**Sanitary Plumber,
GAS & STEAM FITTER**
Curley's new system of House Drainage and Ventilation. Bath rooms fitted up with hot and cold water a specialty. Also a large supply of
Iron, Lead and Stone Pipe,
Globe, Angle and Check Valves, water and Steam Gauges, Force and Lift Pumps, Rubber Hose, Chandeliers, Brackets and Globes. Personal attention given to all work and satisfaction guaranteed. T. J. CURLEY,
Second street, above market. opposite O'Connell's. Mayville, Ky.

ROBERT BISSET,
**PRACTICAL—
PLUMBER**
Gas and Steam Fitter.

Orders promptly attended to. No. 25 Second street.

**NORTHEASTERN
KENTUCKY TELEPHONE COMPANY**
Has connection with the following places
Mayville, Helena, Mt. Olivet,
Mayslick, Sardinia.

Office in Mayville—Browning & Co.'s Dry Goods Store, No. 2 East Second street.

**JACOB LINN,
BAKER AND CONFECTIONER.**

Fresh Bread and Cakes made daily and delivered to any part of the city. Parties and weddings furnished on short notice. No. 25 Second street.

**C. W. WARDLE,
DENTIST,
ZWEIGART'S BLOCK.**

**DR. DEWITT C. FRANKLIN,
Dentist,**
Office: Sutton Street, next door to Postoffice.

**DR. W. S. MOORES,
DENTIST,**
Office Second Street, over Ryan & Hocker's dry goods store. Nitrous-oxide Gas administered in all cases.

**T. H. N. SMITH,
DENTIST.**
Nitrous-oxide, or laughing gas used for the painless extraction of teeth. Office on Court Street.

JOINED THE FIDELITY.

ANOTHER CINCINNATI BANK A VICTIM OF SPECULATION.

The Metropolitan National Goes Under After a Desperate Struggle—The President and Vice President Arrested—History of the Bank.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 7.—The Metropolitan bank has joined the Fidelity. The rumors regarding the bad condition of the bank's affairs have been verified by its collapse. The temporary suspension of Monday morning was the beginning of the end. The other banks came nobly to the rescue. Eight of these agreed to and did furnish \$25,000 each to tide the bank over. The "runs" on the bank were successfully met. Prospects looked bright. But at the clearing houses insurmountable difficulties were found. Checks to the amount of \$26,000 were presented against the Metropolitan, while that bank had but \$15,000 in checks on other banks. To make up the difference a check for \$15,000 was given on the First National thinking that it would be carried until the next day.

The First, however, presented it at the Metropolitan, and not receiving payment threw it back upon the cashier. The Ohio Valley then appeared with a bundle of checks upon the Metropolitan. Payment upon these was also refused, and W. D. Duble, manager of the clearing house, was notified. According to the rules of that institution all checks of the Metropolitan of that day had to go to protest.

The banks interested held a conference, and they agreed to carry the checks over, and also to help in business. The Metropolitan officers were greatly relieved. But their hopes were soon rudely shattered.

About 6 p. m. Deputy United States Marshal Costello walked into the bank with a

warrant for the arrest of John R. De Camp, vice president of the Metropolitan. This created the greatest confusion. Negotiations for the relief of the bank were declared off temporarily. De Camp, with the deputy close at hand, was striving to arrange matters and secure bond. People on the outside, hearing the sensational rumors, rushed into the bank. The warrant charges that John R. De Camp, as vice president and director of the Metropolitan National bank, did unlawfully and knowingly make and cause to be made, false entries in a report and statement of the condition and assets and liabilities of said Metropolitan National bank at the close of business December 7, 1887.

De Camp pleaded not guilty before Commissioner Dorger, and John Carlisle and Albert Netter signed his bond for \$20,000. A meeting of the bank directors was called. The board went into executive session. They were in session half an hour, and then the following resolution, offered by Director Ryan, was adopted:

"WHEREAS, Every effort has been made by the board of directors of this bank to keep up the credit of the institution; and
"WHEREAS, We find that it is impossible to sustain it longer without serious detriment to the best interests of depositors and stockholders; therefore be it
"RESOLVED, That the business of the bank be suspended for the present, and that the doors be not opened for business on Tuesday, February 7."

Ex-Mayor William Means, president of the bank, understanding there was a warrant out for him, appeared at District Attorney Burnett's office shortly after noon and voluntarily gave himself up. It is understood he is charged with signing the statement of December 10, 1887, sent to the comptroller, purporting to be a true statement of the condition of the affairs of the bank.

Means is also charged with the misappropriation of \$234,288 of the funds of the bank by loans to himself between January 1, 1887, and February 5, 1888.

He was arraigned before United States Commissioner Dorger, and his bond is placed at \$20,000. His bondsmen are Henry Hanna, May-Feckheimer, P. E. Roach and C. M. Holloway. He waived examination and his bond makes him answerable to the grand jury.

Commissioner Hooper this morning issued a warrant for the arrest of Officer George Honeyman, watchman of the Metropolitan bank. The charge was resisting an officer. He was held in \$1,000, but was allowed to go on his own recognizance.

The condition of the Metropolitan bank is said to have been bad for over a year. The direct cause of its failure is due to the speculation in real estate and other schemes. When the real estate fever broke out about a year ago, a syndicate, it is claimed, was formed among the directors of the Metropolitan National bank. Those said to have been in it were President William Means, Vice President John R. De Camp, Directors George K. Duckworth, Gerke and Ed. Roth, and they went into the real estate boom just as it was at its height. Over \$48,000 was used in purchasing Coney Island stock, Findlay gas land, Toledo natural gas stock, Roane Mountain, Tenn., iron and coal land, and stock in the Athens, Ga., Improvement company was purchased. Most of the land and stock was bought on time, notes being

given. When the boom ended and these notes matured it is charged that the bank's money was used to pay them.

This, it is alleged, was accomplished by one director loaning the bank's money to the other on notes. These amounted to over \$600,000. National bank examiners went through the bank numerous times, and always reported it solvent. When the Fidelity bank failed it was discovered that there was something wrong with the Metropolitan. It seems that on March 17, Bank Examiner Powell arrived in this city for the purpose of examining the Fidelity National bank. It was at the time Harper and Hopkins were in the wheat deal. When Powell began his examination, the reserve fund, which the law requires to be 25 per cent. of the deposits, was away below that amount.

To dupe the examiner, Harper borrowed \$150,000 from the Metropolitan bank. This was enough to balance the reserve fund, and Examiner Powell reported that the Fidelity was solvent. This money was returned to the Metropolitan the next day. This peculiar transaction was not known, however, when the Fidelity failed. Examiner Powell appointed John R. De Camp, vice president of the Metropolitan, temporary receiver of the Fidelity. The Fidelity failure caused a run on all the banks.

Vice President De Camp knew that his own bank, the Metropolitan, was hard pushed. To save his institution it is charged that he took all the bills receivable of the Fidelity bank and collected from the New York banks and collected from the New York banks \$175,000. This amount he turned over to the Metropolitan to meet the demands for money from the depositors. When Receiver Armstrong took charge of the Fidelity's affairs he demanded the money, and the Metropolitan paid over \$115,000 to the receiver, which in turn was sent to Comptroller of the Currency Trenholm. During the trial the peculiar transaction of transferring the funds of the Metropolitan to the Fidelity came out. This caused Comptroller Trenholm to look upon the Metropolitan with suspicion. He examined old statements of the bank, and saw upon the face of them that there was something wrong.

A new bank examiner, Mr. Sanders, was then sent to Cincinnati. The very first day he was in the bank he found that it was not solvent. The last statement showed the reserve fund to be 25 per cent. of the deposits. Instead of this amount he found there was not 10 per cent. on hand. He next discovered the fact that there was a syndicate among the directors for speculating in real estate. He demanded that the directors, whose unsecured notes were in the bank, replace them with solid cash. This was done by some of the directors, while others turned in real estate stock, etc.

Mr. Sanders looked upon the stock with suspicion. He remained in the bank over a week. This caused suspicion. Metropolitan stock dropped from 145 to seventy-nine cents. This caused a run on the bank Saturday.

Then came the resignation of the vice president John R. De Camp, which was demanded by the examiner. This caused the run on the bank Monday.

Mr. De Camp's arrest convinced the directors that further efforts to sustain the bank would prove futile.

City Treasurer Bohrer had \$100,000 in the bank.

It is said depositors will lose nothing. Stockholders will realize 86 on their stock.

Examiner Sanders and his aid, Mr. William Moffett, at once took charge of the bank. They will continue in charge until a receiver is appointed.

A rumor is current on Third street to the effect that the Metropolitan will reorganize in a few days, reduce the capital stock, pay all the claims and continue business.

History of the Bank.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 7.—The Metropolitan National bank was the outgrowth of the old private banking house of J. F. Larkin & Company. It was organized on January 15, 1881. J. F. Larkin was elected president and J. R. De Camp vice president. The capital stock was \$500,000, and the bank was located in a modest apartment on the south side of Third street between Walnut and Vine streets. It is said the bank did a large business until the capital stock was increased.

In February, 1882, Hon. William Means was elected president to succeed Larkin. A number of changes also took place in the directory. Of the original board of directors only two, E. N. Roth and J. R. De Camp, were in the bank at the time of the suspension. In July, 1886, the Metropolitan branched out into its new and elegant quarters in the United Bank building, at Third and Walnut streets. No bank in the country has more handsome or convenient apartments. The building is very imposing from the outside, while within the work is of the finest description. The interior is of mahogany, while the wood work carving is very artistic.

The bank fixtures are of the costliest and most modern patterns, and all the offices are admirably arranged. The vaults of the bank are the best in the west, both as to construction, safety and appearance. The lower vault is burglar-proof, and both vaults can withstand fire or attack of any kind. Both vaults are secured by Yale time-locks, and the bolt works are of the most massive character.

New York, Feb. 7.—A Washington special to the Herald says:

It may interest people up in Canada to know that free fish will not be an article in the coming tariff bill.

Another Washington special to the Herald says that Speaker Carlisle has ordered that the wires used exclusively for stock purposes be taken out of the corridors of the house. The understanding is that there are two of these. There is also a telephone connection with a down town broker's office, which is likely to be removed.

The Minister Smoked.

BOSTON, Mass., Feb. 7.—The dismissal of its pastor for smoking shows that the town of Mendon, though 250 years old, hasn't changed since the Pilgrims founded it. Rev. Mr. Wassall did not get enough happiness out of his salary of \$350 a year, so he sought solace in the pipe. Some body discovered him in this wicked practice and he shocked parishioners forthwith decided not to hire him any more. His fall from grace also loses him a gratuity of \$300 a year and free house rent.

Libby Prison Sold.

RICHMOND, Va., Feb. 7.—The sale of Libby prison to a Chicago syndicate, is confirmed. The price is \$28,000 cash.

ROUGH ON WORKMEN.

THE EFFECTS THE PROPOSED RUBBER TRUST WILL HAVE.

Thousands of Workmen Will Be Thrown Out of Work—The Reading Situation. The Auditorium Boycott a Small Affair. Miners' Interstate Convention.

NEW YORK, Feb. 7.—The formation of the great proposed rubber trust is now a question of only a few days. The committee appointed to settle the differences between Christopher Meyer and the others regarding the New Jersey manufacturing has effected a compromise and will propose a plan of organization at a meeting to be held within two or three days. By this plan all manufacturers of rubber goods who wish to join the trust will pool their own stock and turn it over to the central company in exchange for certified shares of the trust in proportionate value.

Those concerns which can manufacture rubber goods at the lowest rates will be continued in operation, while the others will shut down. These different factories kept in operation, will make different grades of goods, with the result of making more goods with less labor and a much smaller cost. Instead of 8 and 9 per cent. profit, as at present, the firms interested will then be able to realize over 15 per cent. profit annually.

The formation of this trust will have three great results. The profits for the consumers will become higher, and several thousand workmen will be thrown out of employment, without any other resources to fall back upon. The combine involves a working capital of \$50,000,000, and an annual trade of \$100,000,000.

The Reading Strike.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Feb. 7.—Everything is quiet at Shenandoah to-day. The Reading company made no effort to start any of its collieries there. The police and sheriff's posse are still on duty. William Penn colliery took on additional men and is now working full handed again. The company still continue their effort to keep running about a dozen of the best collieries, but the force of men increases slowly.

The strikers to-day show no signs of weakening, as the endorsement of the general executive board has given them new strength. The employees of Quinn's colliery at St. Clair, shipping over the Pennsylvania road, struck this morning for an advance. They have been working along at the old rate of wages.

A heavy snow storm prevailed this morning throughout the region, interfering greatly with the collieries that were working.

The strike leaders say that the Wyoming region is sure to strike if the 15 per cent. advance is not granted. At Tremont, last evening, instead of using violence, the strikers had several drum corps with banners and as the scab workmen came home, they escorted them about town with music, singing and other ridiculous actions that made the workmen laughing stock.

The west end collieries, company and individual, are slowly increasing their force and output. Brookside is making an excellent showing.

Miners' Interstate Convention.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Feb. 7.—At 11 o'clock this morning 400 miners and operators, delegates to the interstate convention, were present in Old City hall, when Col. S. M. Yeoman, of Indiana, called the convention to order and delivered a brief address, congratulating the convention on the harmony and prosperity of the past year. The committee on credentials was then selected.

But two operators were present from Illinois, who declined to be recognized as delegates, as they represented but one district. President Townsend, of the Indiana state board of arbitration and conciliation, announced that the Illinois operators had officially declined to participate in the convention, and would not consider themselves bound by its action. A motion to give all from Illinois a seat and a vote was lost. The convention adjourned until this evening.

Early in the day the operators met in secret session in a parlor at the Manongahela house. At this meeting the Indiana operators bitterly opposed the methods of the Knights of Labor. With them one stated: "It is not so much a question of wages in our state as it is whether the operators or employees shall be allowed to run the mines."

The operators finally determined to move for a scale, the basis of which shall preserve the present relative rates in the different districts.

Chicago Brickmakers.

CHICAGO, Feb. 7.—The brickmakers of Chicago and its environs are about to follow in the footsteps of the thousands of packing house employees, and organize a National district of their trade within the Knights of Labor. It is the intention of the brickmen to call a meeting before the expiration of the present month for the purpose mentioned.

As soon as a charter is secured it is intended to call a National convention of the trade, issue charters to all the local organizations and elect district officers. The organization will comprise nearly all the brickmakers of Chicago and vicinity, numbering close upon ten thousand.

The Auditorium Boycott.

CHICAGO, Feb. 7.—The attempt to make an issue of the employment of non-union men and the use of material manufactured by non-union workmen on the new Auditorium building, is confined to a very small faction of organized labor. An obscure assembly of the Knights of Labor passed a resolution to the effect that any candidates nominated by any convention held in that building be boycotted by organized labor. This resolution was passed by Local Assembly No. 6,303. An attempt will be made to force a similar resolution through the central organizations, but it is said that the plan will amount to little.

Cutting Freight Rates.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Feb. 7.—The Wisconsin Central has announced a cut in their freight tariff from Milwaukee and Chicago to St. Paul and intermediate stations to conform with the reduced rates made by other Chicago and St. Paul lines. The action of the Central will undoubtedly precipitate a rate war among the local lines contiguous to the Central in Wisconsin.

WRECKED ON THE COAST.

Twenty Lives Lost Near Gray's Harbor, Washington Territory.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 7.—According to news received to-day a vessel, supposed to be the British iron bark Abercorn, was wrecked on the coast near Gray's Harbor, Washington Territory, on the night of February 1, and all on board but two seamen and an apprentice were lost, about twenty perishing.

The vessel arrived off the Columbia river February 1, but was unable to get over the breakers at the bar. She put to sea, and was caught and driven north by the gale until she went on the rocks at the point named. The extreme roughness of the sea prevented any assistance, and the officers and crew with the three exceptions noted, perished in their attempts to reach shore. The Abercorn was iron ore laden from Maryport, England, for Portland, Oregon. She was an iron vessel, valued with cargo at \$120,000. The captain was named McCullom.

Rescued From a Sinking Vessel.

NEW YORK, Feb. 7.—The ship Larnia, which arrived yesterday, brought the crew of nine men of the German bark Jasen, who were rescued on New Year's eve off the Azores from the sinking Jasen. They had been thirty-five days at the pumps and the water was constantly gaining. They would soon have perished, as they were nearly exhausted with work and starvation.

St. Louis Thinks She's Struck Oil.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 7.—While boring an artesian well at Groves Brothers' brewery, on Clark avenue and Twenty-second street, a few days ago, an oily substance was noticed on the water that was met at a depth of 700 feet. The boring was continued and at a depth of 1,100 feet the oil was found in considerable quantities. Tests proved it to be crude petroleum. A pump has been at work for several days and, though a very imperfect experiment, brings up about two barrels of oil a day, mixed with large quantities of water. Quite a strong odor of gas accompanies the stream, and at times a heavy pressure is generated. The well will be bored deeper and more perfect tests made with a view to development.

Died in Jail.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Feb. 7.—Lying on the stone floor of a cell in the county jail yesterday morning was Josephine Barton, a girl of twenty, cold in death. She died late at night. Her coming to this city is wrapped in mystery, but enough is known of her that her parents live in Perth, in Clay county. She was admitted to St. Anthony's hospital the early part of last week, and Friday night was removed to jail, as it was thought she was attacked with insanity. It is said that the girl came here to have a criminal operation performed on her, and that her sickness was due to its effects. Her parents at Perth have been notified.

The Democratic National Convention.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—The San Francisco contingent are here laying their plans for a hard fight with a view of capturing the Democratic National convention and will doubtless agree to pay all the expenses of the delegates, provided their city is selected. The more conservative politicians are of opinion that the chance will be either Chicago, St. Louis or Cincinnati, and that the fight for New York will be practically abandoned prior to the 22d. New Yorkers will not listen to such arguments, however, and claim that their chances are growing stronger rather than diminishing.

Wife Murder and Suicide.

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 7.—At 7:40 o'clock this morning Peter O'Neill, residing with his family at the corner of Thirty-first and Smallman streets, shot and instantly killed his wife, the bullet passing through her heart. He then turned the weapon upon himself, and fired a bullet into his head inflicting fatal injuries. The cause of the deed was jealousy. Five children, the eldest a boy aged sixteen, are parentless. O'Neill had been steadily employed at Clark & Company's Solar iron works, prior to the strike.

Kansas Town to be Abandoned.

MERTILTO, Kas., Feb. 7.—The people of this place have determined to locate elsewhere. The town is ten miles from West Plains, and, owing to the policies adopted by the railroad, is entirely at the mercy of its rivals. Saturday two general stores, one hotel, one grocery store, one livery stable and the local newspaper loaded their goods and chatties on wagons and box cars and moved to West Plains to continue the struggle for existence among so many rival Kansas towns.

Well Known Broker Suicides.

NEW YORK, Feb. 7.—Charles F. Mert, a well known broker, shot and killed himself Sunday night at his residence in Shrewsbury, N. J. He was despondent over his failure, which occurred some time ago. He was formerly a partner with Hoggan, the Californian horse owner, in the wine business.

Broke His Parole.

ATHENS, O., Feb. 7.—Charles, alias "Peggy" Gabriel, a well-known young resident of Athens, a paroled prisoner of the penitentiary, was yesterday afternoon bound over on a charge of highway robbery, said to have been committed in this place last Saturday night.

A Crowded Platform Gives Way.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Feb. 7.—During an entertainment in St. Anthony's church last night, a platform containing fifty persons, collapsed, causing a panic. After order was restored it was found that several persons had been injured, but none fatally.

Vitriol Thrown Convicted.

SALEM, Mass., Feb. 7.—F. H. Young, of Haverhill, was convicted to-day of throwing vitriol on Mary Meehan in that town last November and causing almost fatal injury to the young lady. Sentence was reserved.

Brakeman Killed at Tiffin, Ohio.

TIFFIN, O., Feb. 7.—William Carpenter, who resided at Anderson, Ind., a brakeman on the Baltimore & Ohio road, was crushed between the cars here this morning, and died of his injuries at noon to-day.

Gets a New Trial.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 7.—The court of appeals has reversed the judgment of conviction of John Greenwald, for the murder of Lyman S. Weeks, and sent the case back for a new trial.

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

ROSSER & MCCARTHY,
Proprietors.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

THE DAILY BULLETIN will be delivered to any part of the city at 6 cents a week, or one year for \$3.

THE DAILY BULLETIN to any postoffice in the United States, postage prepaid, at twenty-five cents per month or three dollars per year.

WEDNESDAY EVEN'G, FEB. 8, 1888.

THE statement that Captain Curran's funeral took place yesterday afternoon was a little premature. The funeral services will be held this afternoon at 2 o'clock at Dover.

THE Supreme Court of the United States has refused a writ of error in the famous Cornellison case at Mt. Sterling. He is serving three years in jail for whipping Judge Reid.

THERE is nearly \$600,000,000 in the United States Treasury, and the present high tariff is adding to that amount every day. Well, this thing can't continue a great while longer.

IN the Wolfe Circuit Court a fellow has been disfranchised and fined \$50 for selling his vote. If some other counties in Kentucky would follow the example set in Wolfe, "floaters" would not be such a numerous element in political battles.

IN 1880 there were 179 cotton mills in the South, with a product valued at \$21,000,000. At the close of last year the number of mills had grown to 294 and the product to \$43,000,000. This is a wonderful showing, and is evidence of the remarkable growth of the South.

THE Frankfort Capital says: "The Maysville Republican yet believes that Hon. J. B. Beck received only sixty-six votes on joint ballot at the recent election for U. S. Senator. The editor proved it twice to his own satisfaction, and sticks to it, notwithstanding the Senate insists they cast twenty-eight and the House sixty-six votes for the distinguished Senator."

That Hibernian Hop.

One of the most enjoyable events of the season was the Hibernian hop which took place at the Neptune Hall, this city, on Thursday evening, February 2nd. There were at least 300 people present. Young and old attended. The babies were there as well as the old man. One young man was noticed who was a little bashful about dancing, but was particularly fond of nursing the baby while the mother "tripped the light fantastic toe." All present seemed to enjoy themselves hugely, and on the next day could be seen a smile on the countenance of those who had been present, as though all went happy with them the previous night. Especially was this the case with the members of the A. O. H. and well they should smile as their net receipts amounted to \$85.00, a nice round sum to make on such an occasion.

At last Monday night's meeting there was passed a vote of sincere thanks to all who aided; to committee on arrangements: J. T. Short, T. J. Curley, James S. Redmond and Jno. Fitzgerald, who knew their business and acted so admirably well; also to the floor managers, W. T. Cummins Wm. Conley, James Dunn, Jao. O'Keefe, James Daley, James Downey and Jno. Mahoney, who were so polite and ever ready to see that all present should enjoy themselves; and to Mr. Wm. Driscoll who had the hall so neatly decorated and floor waxed to perfection, and to the society in general as they all acted so admirably well.

The Hibernian ball shall long be remembered.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

SHANNON.

Wesley Prather is reported seriously ill. Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Watson are in Bourbon visiting friends.

Miss Em Browning, the bright preceptress of Artburana Seminary, having obtained leave of absence from her school trustees, is enjoying a visit to her Grandma Ware and others at Indianapolis. Mrs. Dr. Browning is filling the vacancy in the school and is an admirable substitute.

Miss Bettie Wakefield, of Bloomington, Ill., who is on a visit to her cousin, Mrs. Robert Bedford, Mayfield, spent last week with Miss Mary E. Caldwell. Miss Wakefield is a beautiful blonde, very intelligent and fascinating, an accomplished musician, and attracted much attention from the festive widowers and gay bachelors of this section. She will spend the winter with Mrs. Bedford.

Miss Mary B. Caldwell and Miss Mollie Knight, of Millersburg, are the guests of Miss Mollie Piper, of Mayfield.

GERMANTOWN.

W. P. Dickey, of Bath County, is with us again in the interest of a life insurance company.

W. T. Woodbridge, salesman for a hat house, of Louisville, spent the Sabbath in our town. A. S. Hogopion, a resident of the ancient city of Constantinople, lectured at the Christian Church Tuesday evening on the manners and customs of the Turkish people.

M. D. Rigdon will proceed to housekeeping in a few days in the Pollock residence. The house has been thoroughly repaired inside and out, and the walls and ceilings covered with paper of the nicest and richest designs.

There was a large social gathering of the young people of the town and neighborhood at the hospitable home of L. H. Mammen, Esq., on last Thursday night, where with music and games and refreshments they passed an enjoyable evening.

Miss Mattie Taliaferro made a short visit with Miss Mary Savage last week.

City Items.

Foerster's crackers are the best. Ask your grocer for them, and take so other.

The latest styles of wall paper and ceiling decorations, at J. C. Pecor & Co.'s drug and book store.

We invite the ladies to an early inspection of our white goods and embroideries—the largest and finest in the city.—D. Hunt & Son.

THE JAPANESE AMMA.

THE ARTIST WHO KNEADS AND RURS THE MUSCLES.

Oriental Massage as Practiced Among Our Almost Eyed Brethren—An Old Woman's Hard Work—A Restful Process—Japanese Medical Students.

As I am sitting in my room there comes to my ears the sound of a shrill pipe, sounding not unlike a fife. The traveler in Japan, go where he may, almost invariably hears the sound at night, and will be told in answer to his inquiries that the performance is a professional shampooer or amma. Many of these people are blind, and at night pass up and down the streets, feeling their way with long sticks, which they hold in one hand, while with the other hand they play upon the bamboo pipe, which seems to notify the world of their presence.

The amma is not a shampooer in the American sense of the term. He does not confine his operations to the head and hair. He practices what is known by the French as the massage. His art consists in kneading all the muscles of the body and bringing them into play, and he is regarded as a useful functionary, second only in importance to the physician as a healer of physical disorders. The art is practiced not only by men, but also by women, and at almost every inn where I have stopped among the first persons to proffer their services have been the ammas. Only once have I yielded to their invitations to allow my body to be treated like a piece of dough, and that was at Subasbirt, immediately after my descent from Fuji. Tired and aching from the severe exertion of climbing the mountain the suggestion of Dr. Knipping that it might be well to allow an amma to shampoo us was acceded to, more from curiosity as to the possible results than from any faith in the efficacy of the treatment.

The particular amma who came to our room and shampooed us was an ungainly and awfully ugly woman of middle age, whose blackened teeth when she smiled looked like a row of watermelon seeds set in her face. During the process I had an opportunity to question her fully as to the business, and learned from her quite a number of interesting facts. She informed us that before commencing the practice of her art she has been obliged to serve an apprenticeship of three years, during which time she read a large number of Japanese books teaching of the human body, and especially the muscles, and had become learned in anatomy and physiology. She had practiced the massage for ten years already, and had by means of it gained her livelihood. She stated that she was able in one evening, from 6 to 10, to treat four persons, who paid her a fee of fifteen sen apiece. Her daily earnings were, however, not more than thirty sen on an average, or about twenty-four cents of American currency.

In the operation of shampooing, as practiced by the amma, the patient lies upon a futon or rug, while the amma kneels beside him. The first act in the drama deals with the abdominal cavity. Placing one hand on either side of the abdomen, above the hips, the amma compresses the body laterally a number of times, then drawing up the loose folds of flesh, he kneads and pinches them, at the same time making passes which correspond in their direction with that of the colon. This portion of the treatment ended, each leg is attacked and vigorously rubbed and kneaded, the process terminating by a smart bastinado administered to the soles of the feet.

In rubbing and kneading the muscles use is made of a round ball of boxwood, though the amma to whose treatment I submitted employed only her fingers and knuckles. The arms and chest are treated as the legs, and then the patient is turned over face downward, and the shoulders and back are punched and kneaded until the breath almost forsakes the body. The entire performance ends with a vigorous rubbing of the neck, which, in my case, seemed to threaten the dislocation of the cervical vertebrae. The amount of strength in fingers and wrists displayed by the amma is quite remarkable. Our amma shampooed four persons in succession the evening we engaged her, consuming four hours in the task, during which she was working with all her might almost constantly, only stopping to wipe off the perspiration which flowed from her face.

The result of the experiment, so far as I personally was concerned, was, I think, such as to warrant the repetition of the treatment under like circumstances. I awoke on the morning feeling far less tired and sore than I had reason to believe my mountain climbing would have left me.

The art of the amma appears likely to live for a long time in Japan, as it is in some respects founded upon rational principles. This is not, however, the case with the medical practitioner of the old Chinese school, whose practice is swiftly and surely dwindling away as the merits of western medical theory and practice are becoming more and more recognized. The old style of practitioner, with his nostrums and enchantments, his mixtures of villainous herbs and minerals, his powders made of dried snake skins and bird dung, is still in the numerical majority when a census of the medical practitioners of Japan is taken, but the young men, graduates of the university at Tokio, are rapidly absorbing the entire practice among the wealthier and more intelligent classes. The medical department at the Imperial university at Tokio is under the care of German professors, men of thorough ability and experience, and the results achieved during later years have been most marked and most beneficial to the country as a whole. It is the feeling of not a few Europeans resident in Japan that, while always preferring the services of a European or American practitioner, the graduates of the university at Tokio may generally be trusted to treat a patient carefully and well.—Cor. Cincinnati Commercial Gazette.

Building Fast Yachts.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—Mr. Watson, the designer of the yacht Thistle, has completed the drawings for four new yachts, one of them a center-board boat to be built on the Clyde.

See It in Different Lights.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—Various interpretations are put upon Bismarck's speech. Some newspapers think it is an augury of peace while others think it is ignominious.

BRAVE TEACHERS.

Miss Shattuck Peacefully Passes Away and a Benefit Fund Being Raised.

NORFOLK, Neb., Feb. 7.—Miss Louise Royce, a school teacher, three of whose pupils died in her arms during the recent blizzard, will lose both feet and a portion of one arm as the result of exposure in the blizzard. Nearly \$4,000 has already been contributed to the benefit fund for the teachers, Miss Freeman, Miss Royce and Miss Shattuck, who lost both her lower limbs. Over \$3,000 of this amount goes to Miss Shattuck. Indications are that this fund will reach between \$8,000 and \$10,000 within the next ten days.

LATER—This morning Miss Shattuck, the young school teacher, who, during the late blizzard lay in a hay stack seventy-eight hours, being so badly frozen as to necessitate the amputation of both legs below the knees, was suddenly taken worse and at 9 o'clock passed peacefully away. Her death was not wholly unexpected, as she has been decidedly feeble during the last few days.

Dampers on Chicago's Prospects.

CHICAGO, Feb. 7.—Professor John E. Siebel, an analytical chemist and geologist of this city, in an interview, said he had found by investigation that the chances for discovering natural gas in available quantities and under a valuable pressure in the Trenton limestone formation beneath Chicago are very slim indeed. He maintains that Chicago is in a pocket, that is to say: The city overlies a depression in the limestone, and natural gas can be obtained only from synclinals of that rock. The gas may be found in good pressure, he thinks, fifty miles east or fifty miles west of Chicago.

Wanted His Wife's Money.

CHICAGO, Feb. 7.—Matthew Busch cut his wife's throat, yesterday, in presence of their three children, and the aunt of the victim. The woman died almost instantly. Busch was arrested. He would make no statement but there is no doubt that he deliberately planned to kill his wife because she refused to deed him about \$10,000 worth of property, left her by her mother.

An Oil Prince to Wed.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 7.—Joe Craig, the oil prince, is to be married to-morrow at White Plains, N. Y., to Miss Mitchell, daughter of a New York broker. Craig is one of the largest individual producers in the world. He was a bookkeeper three years ago. Today he is very wealthy. He is not over thirty years old.

Insurance Against Epidemics.

Mutual organizations to insure against epidemics are being established in some of the large manufacturing of Sheffield, England. Each workman contributes 2 or 2 1/2 per cent. of his wages, and in return is guaranteed a payment equal to his average wages should he be obliged to quit work on account of any epidemic in his family. The proprietors of the manufacturing have charge of the funds.—New York Sun.

Dehorning Cattle.

A manufacturer who makes tools for dehorning cattle can not produce them fast enough to meet the demand. One large stockman has been dehorning at the rate of 2,000 per week.—Chicago Times.

A Pennsylvania Judge's Decision.

HONESDALE, Pa., Feb. 7.—Judge Hand, of the Scranton district, has decided that a person indicted for murder can not be retired after the disagreement of a jury. If this is sustained on appeal several murderers awaiting second trials must be released, and it will appear that a number of persons have been illegally hanged.

Mrs. Oliver Wendell Holmes Dead.

BOSTON, Feb. 7.—Mrs. Oliver Wendell Holmes, wife of Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes, died at her residence in Beacon street, yesterday morning, in the sixty-ninth year of her age.

Well Known Journalist Dead.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 7.—John Augustine, the well known journalist, died at midnight of consumption.

Dress Making.

Misses Amelia B. Wood and Mattie Davis' rooms are on West Court street, second floor, above H. C. Hubbard's. Patronage solicited, work done promptly.

Shackleford's Pharmacy.

Most attractive store in town—in "Cox Building." Fine old wines and liquors for medicinal purposes. Pure drugs. Toilet articles in great variety.

TOBACCO MARKET.

Furnished by Glover & Durrett, proprietors Louisville Tobacco Warehouse. Sales on our market for the week just closed amounted to 2,755 hds., with receipts of 1,884 hds. for the same period. Sales on our market since January 1st amount to 11,955 hds. The market for both old and new burley this week has been irregular and something lower, and the per cent. of rejections has been unusually large, the holders not being willing to make any concessions in the face of the limited stock in sight.

The following quotations fairly represent our market for old burley tobacco: Dark trash.....\$ 50 00 9 00
Colony trash..... 5 00 15 00
Common lugs, not colory..... 14 00 17 00
Good lugs..... 17 00 19 00
Common leaf, not colory..... 15 00 17 00
Good leaf..... 18 00 25 00
Fine leaf..... 25 00 30 00

RETAIL MARKET.

Coffee B. D. 25 00
Molasses, new crop, per gal. 25 00
Golden Syrup..... 25 00
Sorghum, Fancy New..... 40 00
Sugar, yellow B..... 10 00
Sugar, extra C, B..... 10 00
Sugar A. B. B..... 10 00
Sugar, granulated B..... 10 00
Sugar, powdered, per lb. 10 00
Sugar, New Orleans, B..... 10 00
Coal Oil, head light B gal..... 10 00
Beans, breakfast B..... 10 00
Beans, clear sides, per B..... 10 00
Beans, Ham B..... 10 00
Good Shelled..... 10 00
Beans B gal..... 10 00
Butter B..... 10 00
Cheese, each..... 10 00
Eggs, B..... 10 00
Flour, Libby's, per barrel..... 10 00
Flour, Old Gold, per barrel..... 10 00
Flour, Maysville Fancy, per barrel..... 10 00
Flour, Mason County per barrel..... 10 00
Flour, Royal Patent, per barrel..... 10 00
Flour, Mayville Family, per barrel..... 10 00
Money, per lb..... 10 00
Honey, B gallon..... 10 00
Meal B..... 10 00
Onions, per peck..... 10 00
Potatoes, B peck..... 10 00
Apples, B peck..... 10 00

OUR GRAND CLEARANCE SALE

Will commence Wednesday, January 11. Read what I have to offer you during this sale:

All of my 5c. prints down to 4 cents; all of my Standard 7 1/2c. prints down to 5 cents; all of my Indigo prints down to 7 1/2 cents; all of my 15c. Manchester Cashmere down to 12 1/2 cts.; all of my 4-4 Cashmeres down to 15 cents; all of my 30c. Cashmeres down to 23 1/2 cents; all of my 50c. Tricots down to 40c.; Black Silks, Colored Silks, Flannels, Blankets, Table Damask, Canton Flannels, Muslins and Sheeting to go at the same reduction.

CLOAKS AND JACKETS—I have twenty-five Jackets which cost \$5; I am now selling them at \$2.50. I will close out the remainder of my Cloaks at correspondingly low prices. Come early and secure a bargain.

M. B. MCKRELL,

ONE DOOR BELOW POSTOFFICE.

The Holder of Ticket

7,256

Is Requested to Call at BALLENGER'S.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A one-story new frame cottage, on Fleming pike. Apply to W. B. CLARKE, Neptune Mall building. j34tr

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—I will sell at public auction at half past one o'clock Saturday, February 11th, at my residence, No. 54 Forest avenue, Fifth ward, my household and kitchen furniture. Also office chair, letter press &c. W. G. SANBORN.

NOTICE—We are headquarters for Tobacco in Cotton, and will sell you a first-rate article at the low price of 2 1/2 cents a yard. TAYLOR BROS., 1233 & W St.

FOR SALE—Thirty-three acres in one tract and eleven acres in another near the town of Washington—both tracts in a fine state of cultivation. Apply to or address S. F. FRIS-TOE, Washington, Ky. j34dw-itw

FOR SALE—A trio of pure bred Silver Spangled Hamburg chickens, mated ready for breeding. The most beautiful of all chickens. Must be sold at once. Cheap. Apply at No. 13 Front street. j34dw-itw

FOR SALE—At a special bargain—Charles Cook's house, Fleming pike. Property must be sold. Only \$225 cash, and balance on very easy payments. This is a chance for a person wanting a cheap, nice house. M. C. HUTCHINS, agent. j34dw-itw

FOR RENT—Ninety-two acres of land, two and a half miles below Maysville, on the railroad. Water plenty, fine tobacco land and room to house it. A good crab apple orchard. Will be rented Sunday, Feb. 13, 1888, at the court house door to the highest bidder for cash in advance. j34dw-itw FRANK LAYTHAM.

FOUND.

FOUND—Two reserved seat tickets to the Pat Rooney entertainment. Call at this office. j34dw-itw

OPERA HOUSE.

A Grand Treat!

ONE NIGHT ONLY.

THURSDAY, FEB. 9.

GRAU'S FAMOUS ENGLISH OPERA COMPANY (thirty-five Artists) presenting America's greatest success,

ERMINIE!

A Star Cast—Superb Chorus and Orchestra—Grand Costumes—Elegant Scenery. Notwithstanding the enormous expenses of this great company the manager can't have adopted the following scale of prices:

25, 35, 50 and 75 cts.

Seats on sale Monday at Taylor's.

EXCITING TIMES!

WOUT THIS OUT and bring it with you if you want to save money.

Gibbs' Early Rose Pass per dozen, only \$1.40
Red Cross Tomatoes, 2-pound cans, doz., 1.15
Royal Corn, sweet and juicy, per dozen..... 1.15
California Apples, (best) three-pound cans, per dozen..... 2.25
Apples, (best) three-pound cans, per doz..... 1.15
Canned Pumpkin, three-pound cans, best per dozen..... 1.15
Come and we will assure you a dozen at these prices.
2 good Broccoli..... 25
20 Cabbage..... 25
1 gallon best Coal Oil, only..... 10
1 dozen White, Cooked Pig's Feet..... 10
5 dozen Clothes Pins, only..... 10
1 gallon best sugar-house Molasses, only..... 40
1 gallon choice new crop Molasses, only..... 40
1 gallon best N. O. Molasses, (something fine)..... 55
1 pound choice No. 1 Green Coffee..... 25
Don't forget to call for Hill's Pride Baking Powder and Flour; it is something good. L. HILL.

UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION!
OVER A MILLION DISTRIBUTED!

CAPITAL PRIZE, \$300,000.

L.S.L.

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY Incorporated by the Legislature in 1886, for educational and charitable purposes, and its franchise made a part of the present State Constitution, in 1879, by an overwhelming popular vote.

Its Grand Single Number Drawings take place monthly, and the Grand Quarterly Drawings regularly every three months—March, June, September and December. We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Quarterly Drawings of the Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with facsimiles of our signatures attached, in its advertisements.

Ed. J. Early
Commissioners.

We the undersigned Banks and Bankers will pay all Prizes drawn in the Louisiana State Lottery which may be presented at our counters. J. H. OGLESBY, Pres. La. National Bk. F. LANAUX, President State Nat'l Bk. A. BALDWIN, Pres. N. O. National Bk. C. H. KOLN, Pres. Union Nat'l Bank.

THE GRAND QUARTERLY DRAWING

in the Academy of Music, New Orleans, Tuesday, MAR. 13, 1888, CAPITAL PRIZE, \$300,000, 100,000 tickets at \$2.00 each; halves, \$1.00; Quarters, \$5; Tenths, \$2; Twentieths, \$1.

1 PRIZE of \$300,000 is.....\$300,000
1 PRIZE of 100,000 is.....100,000
1 PRIZE of 50,000 is.....50,000
1 PRIZE of 25,000 is.....25,000
2 PRIZES of 10,000 are.....20,000
5 PRIZES of 5,000 are.....25,000
25 PRIZES of 1,000 are.....25,000
100 PRIZES of 500 are.....50,000
200 PRIZES of 300 are.....60,000
500 PRIZES of 200 are.....100,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.
100 Prizes of \$500 approximating to \$50,000
100 Prizes of \$300 approximating to \$30,000
100 Prizes of \$200 approximating to \$20,000
100 Prizes of \$100 decided by \$100,000
1,000 Prizes of \$100 decided by \$100,000
1,000 Prizes of \$100 decided by \$100,000

3,136 Prizes amounting to.....\$1,055,000
For Club Rates, or any further information, apply to the undersigned. Your handwriting must be distinct and signature plain. More rapid return mail delivery will be assured by your enclosing an envelope bearing your full address.

Send Postal Notes, Express Money Orders, or New York Exchange in ordinary letter. Currency by Express (at our expense) addressed to M. A. DAUPHIN, New Orleans, La., or M. A. DAUPHIN, Washington, D. C. Address Registered Letters to NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK, New Orleans, La.

Remember that the presence of Generals Beauregard and Early, who are in charge of the drawings, is a guarantee of absolute fairness and integrity, that the chances are all equal, and that no one can possibly divine what numbers will draw a Prize.
BEEHIVE that Four National Banks guarantee the payment of Prizes, and that all tickets bear the signature of the President of an institution, whose franchise is recognized in the highest Court; therefore, beware of any imitations or anonymous schemes.

BOARDING

Day, Week or Meal. At GILBERT'S New Restaurant and Boarding-House, on Market street, opposite Central Hotel. Everything is new, neat and Clean. Single Meals 25 cents. Fine Cigars and Liquors at the Bar. j34

The Art of Advertising.

For \$10 we will insert 4 lines (23 words) in One Million copies of Daily, Sunday or Weekly Newspapers. The work will all be done in 10 days. Send order and check to

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.,
10 SPRUCE ST., N. Y.
176-page Newspaper Catalogue sent by mail for 50 cents.

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

ROSSER & MCCARTHY,
Proprietors.

WEDNESDAY EVEN'G, FEB. 8, 1888.

INDICATION—"Light rain or snow, followed by fair weather."

MAPLE Syrup 75c. per gal.—Calhoun's.

You can get groceries as cheap at Hancock's as any place in the city. tf

AMERICAN peas, better and cheaper than imported, at G. W. Geisel's. dtf

Old-time sugar-house and fancy new crop of molasses cheap, at G. W. Geisel's.

ELI PARKINS will lecture at Millersburg to-night on "The Philosophy of Wit."

MARRIED—January 12th, 1888, Miss Kate Kuble, of this city, to Mr. John D. Fosse, of Ripley.

CONGRESSMAN THOMAS has introduced bills for the relief of John W. Harris and W. H. McKinster.

FRESH butter, eggs, groceries and vegetables, at J. B. Pollitt's, Third street, Kneeream's old stand. fd1w

REV. W. H. CHILDERS will preach in the M. E. Church this evening at seven o'clock. All are invited.

NEW stock of staple and fancy groceries, cheap, at J. B. Pollitt's, Third street, C. T. Kneeream's old stand. fd1w

THE Neptune Fire Company has reduced the rent of its hall to ten dollars for one night or sixteen dollars for two nights. fsdt.

REV. R. B. MAHONEY has accepted a call from the Newport Baptist Church. He has had charge of the Baptist Church at Millersburg.

HON. GEORGE M. THOMAS has introduced a bill in Congress for the relief of John Moran, and one granting a pension to Franklin White.

A PARTIAL eclipse of the sun will take place next Saturday, but you will have to take a journey to the South Pacific Ocean, if you want to see it.

SQUIRE HUNTER swore out a peace warrant yesterday against the notorious Alfred Grayson. The case will be heard tomorrow before Judge Coons.

WM. J. TORRIS is in town to-day in the interest of the Cincinnati Lecture Bureau. Arrangements will probably be made for a lecture at this place at an early day.

THE new business of the Equitable for 1887 was \$138,000,000, a sum never approximated by any other company. Insure in the most popular company. Jos. F. Brodick, agent.

MRS. JUDITH ROGERS LEROY died Monday night at her home in Covington. The deceased was well known in Maysville, and the sad news will be learned with sincere sorrow.

THE marriage of Mr. Arthur Haughey and Miss Ada Manner will take place at Minerva to-morrow evening. The Bourbon News says Miss Ida Victor, of Millersburg, will be one of the bride's maids.

AT Covington a few days ago the Norton Iron Works of Ashland paid Kate Applegate \$30,000, the amount of a judgement she had obtained against them for the use of land in Eastern Kentucky.

JOHN E. BOULDER, of Tuckahoe, had a break-down on Second street, near Market, yesterday about noon. One of the axels of his wagon gave way under a heavy load of lumber, necessitating several hours work in re-handling.

L. W. GALBRAITH, County Superintendent of Schools, has been invited by State Superintendent Pickett to attend the semi-centennial celebration of the common school system in Kentucky, at Frankfort, this month, and deliver an address.

THE James H. Hall Plow Company made another shipment of plows last night. All the stock on hand has been sold, and, we understand, the company has a large number of orders ahead. Business is brisk, and the factory has a full force of hands employed.

MR. AND MRS. ALBERT SHANKLIN, of Mayslick, are wintering at Lake Weir, Florida. A letter from Mr. Shanklin, dated January 27th, says the average temperature is 62 degrees. He also says: "We are eating oranges from the groves, and have fresh vegetables of all kinds on our table daily."

At the regular meeting of Maysville Division No. 6, U. R., K. of P., last night, the following officers were elected for the ensuing term:
Sir Knight Captain—James K. Lloyd.
Sir Knight First Lieutenant—J. Wesley Lee.
Sir Knight Herald—James Hefflin.
Sir Knight Recorder—Charles D. Shepard.
Sir Knight Treasurer—W. N. Rudy.
Installation, next Tuesday night.

MR. GRANVILLE T. OVERLY, of Fleming County, and Miss Lucy B. Bateman, of this county, were granted marriage license this morning. The wedding will take place next Tuesday, at the residence of Miss Bateman's father, Mr. William Bateman.

THE superstructure of the railroad bridge at Tygart Creek has not yet been commenced. Hogan & Co., of Portsmouth, who built the piers, refuse to turn them over to the railroad until the company pays up in full for the work. The Portsmouth Times intimates that Hogan & Co. are holding the fort, and have an armed guard at the bridge to prevent hands from putting up the iron-work.

The C. and O. Reorganization.
The Cincinnati Commercial says: "It is no longer a question as to M. E. Ingalls taking the presidency of the Chesapeake and Ohio road; he is practically its president now, and there is good authority for stating that there is to be a general change in the official roster of the road. The position of general manager has already been offered to one of the most competent men in the service of the Pennsylvania company, and he has its acceptance under consideration."

The M. and B. S., it is understood, will form part of the C. and O. system, as soon as the reorganization is completed.

County Court Proceedings.
Charles White qualified as committee of C. C. White, with J. G. Lee, surety. The last will of Mathias Litter was fully proved and admitted to record.

John Kuble & Co. were granted license to retail spirituous, vinous and malt liquors.

John T. Shanklin qualified as administrator, with the will annexed, of Mathias Litter, with W. P. Shanklin and Agnes Shanklin sureties. Jas. Peed, Wm. J. Jackson and John F. Pogue were appointed appraisers.

The inventory and appraisal of the present estate of W. D. Coryell, deceased, was filed and ordered recorded. Personalty \$492.25.

C. L. Sallee qualified as a Notary Public with Jas. H. Sallee surety.

Damage From Smoke.
The Kentucky Superior Court has recently rendered a decision that may prove a matter of considerable interest to some owners of front street property at an early day.

The decision was rendered in the case of Geibel against the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company, appealed from Henderson County. It appears the company's road runs close to the plaintiff's house and the smoke from passing trains proved a considerable source of annoyance to the occupants of the building. Geibel brought suit for damages, and the Superior Court says:

"An individual owning property adjacent to a railroad may recover of a railroad company damages occasioned by having smoke, cinders and fire from passing engines thrown or blown into or against his house, but the ordinary noise of moving trains is not an element of damage in such an action."

A Grand Production of Erminie.

The Portsmouth Tribunes says: "Grau's Opera Company presented Erminie before a packed house, and a better pleased audience never left the house. Erminie is one of the finest operas ever given. The music is lovely and catchy, and the company is grand. No wonder this opera has made such a success, for it could have run a week here to crowded houses. Miss Alrich, as Erminie, was splendid. She has a sweet voice and is young and pretty. Miss Dewey made a charming Dolly. Messrs. Carthey, Avery and Arnold were good in their parts. The hits of the evening were Messrs. Frear and Palmer as the two thieves, who kept the house in one continual laughter, having been called again and again. It seemed that the audience would never get tired."

At opera house, this city, to-morrow night. See "ad" elsewhere for prices of admission.

Personal.

Dr. McClure, of Portsmouth, was in town yesterday.

Dr. Davis, of Mayslick, was here Monday, and as happy as usual.—Bourbon News.

Captain James A. Jackson and wife, of Mayslick, are guests of Mrs. Mary Collins.—Bourbon News.

Miss Mollie Corwine, of Keokuk, Iowa, is visiting the family of Wm. Davis, of West Second street.

Dr. M. H. Davis was one of a pleasant party entertained at Dr. John R. Hall's, in Lexington, a few evenings ago.

Misses Blanche Healey and Maggie F. Hannibal, two charming young ladies of Lexington, have returned home, after spending several days here with friends.

S. of V. Notice.

Members of Camp Otto No. 2, Sons of Veterans, are requested to meet at their hall Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

JOHN HISE, Captain.

C. W. McCORMICK, O. S.

THE SOLONS AT FRANKFORT.

Items of Interest Gleaned From the Proceedings of the Legislature. Notes and Comments.

The present session seems to have weighted itself down with local bills. But little legislation of a general character has yet been proposed.

A bill is pending which provides that all parties desiring to practice medicine in Kentucky must register in a book to be kept by the clerk of each county, and such registering shall be under oath.

The Senate and House are spending much valuable time in instructing Congress what to do with certain questions. Why not let the Solons at Washington City attend to their own business?

The Louisville Commercial says: "Gov. Buckner fires in his vetoes to the Kentucky Legislature and has no fears of a recoil. The sight of a veto tears up the Legislature and creates more kicking than a split in a nomination convention. But the Governor has views of his own, and he is not considerate about any schemes."

Mr. Newman, of Campbell, and Mr. Thomas, of Bourbon, have been placed upon the committee to investigate Rowan County affairs.

Senator Worthington has introduced a bill for the benefit of W. G. Bullock, of Lewis County.

An act to prohibit the sale and use of spirituous, vinous and malt liquors in Bath County is pending.

The Senate has passed an act to increase the liquor license at Georgetown from \$100 to \$500.

Advertised Letter List.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the postoffice at Maysville, Mason County, Ky., for the week ending Tuesday, February 7, 1888:

| | |
|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Applegate, Mary E. | McLaughlin, Geo. (2) |
| Marshall, Saml. | McKibbin, Chas. |
| Beil, Ellen | Nienolson, J. S. |
| Brady, Mrs. J. T. | Owens, Chas. F. |
| Burt, Florence (2) | Parker, Mary (2) |
| Batterson, Geo. D. | Patterson, Mary |
| Burns, Lydia | Price, William H. |
| Cook, A. J. | Reynolds, G. P. |
| Cone, Miss Harlet | Rennar, H. C. |
| Chambers, Milton (2) | Robertson, Mollie |
| Chain, Robt. | Ruby, James G. |
| Campbell, Jas. A. | Robinson, Edd |
| Cluney, Thos. | Ryan, Julia |
| Crawford, Hattie | Schaffner, Kate M. |
| Chambers, Edward | Stockdale, George (2) |
| Clayton, Frank | Solter, G. W. D. |
| Clarke, Mary | Sparks, Anna E. |
| Cullum, Margaret | Slimms, Mrs. H. |
| Duncan, Lucy W. | Slimms, Horace (sol.) |
| Dinger, Bell | Swink, Jas. J. |
| Evans, Morris | Schaeffer, F. W. |
| Fields, Sol | Smith, Lida |
| Finly, Jaac | Thomas, Jno. (2) |
| Fleide, Mrs. M. | Taylor, Leah |
| Green, Mary | Taylor, Frederick (2) |
| Goldstein, G. | Temple, C. D. |
| Grellish, James | Wells, Lizzie |
| Hanley, Margaret | Williams, Carry |
| Hughes, Maranla | Warner, Wm. W. |
| Hunter, Sarah | Ward, A. J. Elder |
| Jennison, John | Ward, Willis |
| Johnson, Alex. | Wilson, Mariah |
| Lewis, John | Wood, Mariah |
| Lines, Em. | Williams, Thomas |
| Lowry, Chas. | Wilson, May |
| Laney, James | Wills, Elizabeth |
| Mendell, R. T. | White, Martha |
| McCarthy, Anna | Yaney, G. W. |
| Merchant, Adolph | Zeigler, V. |
| McCorrie, S. A. (3) | |
| Moore, Annie | |

Persons calling for any of the above letters will please say advertised.

Under ruling of Postoffice Department November 28, 1887, postmasters are required to collect one cent for an advertised letter upon delivery, and to affix and cancel a corresponding postage-due stamp, as evidence of its payment, in compliance with the regulations.

A. C. REEPP, P. M.

THE German Relief Society elected the following officers last Monday night for the ensuing term:

President—John C. Dinger.
Vice President—Geo. Jung.
Treasurer—Wm. Dersch.
Secretary—Henry Dersch.
Assistant Secretary—August Haug.
Banner Carrier—Henry C. Dinger.
Door Keeper—Frank Kuble.

The President appointed the following committees:

Sick Committee—Jacob Trapp, Wm. Treutis, and John Haug.
Widows and Orphans Committee—Louis Brodt, George Landgraf and Geo. Bendel.

Land, Stock and Crops.

Colonel Stoner, of Paris, has sold the bay colt Jingles for \$1,500.

Paul Tierney has sold to Calvin Bland his ninety-acre farm on the Sardis pike for \$100 per acre.

The first shipment of the new crop of tobacco from Shannon was made Friday by E. Kenton, of Robertson.

Andy Howard has sold his purchase of new tobacco to Rigdon & Bramel, of Germantown, at 10c. per pound.

Seventeen counties in Kentucky have no corn for sale; nine counties can spare 25 per cent. of last year's crop.

H. C. Loudon, of Georgetown, O., has bought \$200,000 pounds of tobacco for Buchanan & Lyle, of New York.

Mr. Sherman Tomlin, of Murphysville, bought last week of A. Howard, on Three Lick, 125 acres of land for \$3,000.

Ellis Collins, of Shannon, has sold and delivered to Brown & Banta, of Mt. Olivet, 11,645 pounds of tobacco at 15c. per pound, making \$1,746.75.

C. C. Arthur, of Shannon, has sold his crop of premium tobacco to N. & D.

Watson. This firm has purchased about 50,000 pounds of the weed up to the present.

Jesse Bryan, living near Windom, Jessamine County, raised, sold and delivered 20,100 pounds of tobacco from ten measured acres of land. He got \$17 per hundred for the crop.

Mr. John Caldwell, of Shannon, sold two barns of tobacco to Brown & Banta, of Mt. Olivet, supposed to contain thirty thousand pounds, at \$15.50 per hundred all round, in winter order. The crop was raised on twenty-two acres, making \$211 per acre, and netting \$4,650—a rental of \$105 per acre to the landlord.

The Farmers' Review, of Chicago, says: "The effects of the great drouth of 1887 are still apparent at this distance, for from the summary of the reports it will be seen that owing to the serious shortage in the supply of hay and other fodder for winter feeding, added to the shortage in the corn crop, the majority of counties in the corn-growing States, with perhaps the exception of Iowa and Nebraska, will be able to spare but a small portion, if any, of the corn crop of 1887 for sale."



ROYAL
Baking Powder
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 116 Wall St., New York.

FOOT-WARMERS.

SEAMLESS



SEAMLESS

The most comfortable House Shoe made—the only Shoe combining warmth, pliability, durability and noiselessness. For sale at

Miner's Shoe Store.

>CHENOWETH'S<

PRESCRIPTION AND FAMILY

DRUG STORE

THOMAS J. CHENOWETH, Prop.

This space is reserved for
PAUL HÖFLICH & BRO.'S
"ad," which will appear in a
few days. Watch for it.

THOSE OWING

HOPPER & MURPHY,

The Jewelers, will be given a chance on the Combination Ring worth \$300.00 for every dollar they pay, if paid by February 15, 1888. They also give a ticket with every dollar's worth of goods sold until February 15. Remember the 300.00 paid in cash if the lucky one prefers. HOPPER & MURPHY.

Must be Sold.

We have about twenty-five Children's Cloaks, nice quality, with pleated Skirts,—goods that sold from \$4 to \$7. We have reduced the entire lot to \$2.50 for choice. Sizes, 4, 6, 8 and 10 years. Also about ten extra fine New Markets, worth during the season \$10 to 12. Your choice now for 5.00. A few Jackets left that we are closing at 1.50 to 2.50.

We are also showing some extra bargains in Dress Goods. Elegant 36-inch Cashmere at 25 cents, former price 35 cents; 52-inch All-wool Ladies' Cloth only 50 cents, per yard; extra quality 36-inch Tricot at 40 cents.

Our lines of Blankets, Flannels, Jeans, Underwear and Hosiery reduced to cost.

If you need anything in the Dry Goods line do not fail to look through our stock, as our prices are the lowest.

BROWNING & CO.,

No. 3 East Second Street., Maysville, Ky.

